A Nephrology Nurse Designed Skin Surveillance Protocol to Identify Hospitalized Hemodialysis Patients at Increased Risk for Hospital-Acquired Pressure Ulcer Formation

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A review of hospital-acquired pressure ulcer (HAPU) data for a community hospital system revealed that chronic kidney disease was a significant contributing factor for HAPU formation. This is consistent with findings that link changes in physical status typically seen in chronic kidney disease with pressure ulcer (PU) formation. HAPUs are associated with untoward patient and financial outcomes. Additionally, HAPU formation is a CMS "never event" and is also included among the National Database of Nursing Quality Indicators as a nursing-sensitive outcome.

In response to the hospital HAPU data, the acute dialysis nursing staff developed an evidence-based protocol to determine patients at increased risk. All new admissions to the acute dialysis unit were given a full body skin exam by an either a certified dialysis or certified nephrology nurse. Any existing alterations in skin integrity were documented in the patient record. The patients were also assessed for factors that placed them at increased risk for HAPU formation including friable skin, 1+ or greater generalized edema, limited mobility/unable to independently turn in bed, and altered mental status. Patients who were deemed to be at increased risk were referred to the Wound Care Consultation Service. All referred patients where then placed on the pressure ulcer prevention protocol.

Only patients who were not already being followed by the Wound Care Consultation Service were referred. A review of 9 months of data shows that 9% (56 of 613) of the hemodialysis patients were at increased risk and referred for aggressive HAPU prevention management. This protocol benefits vulnerable hemodialysis patients who are at increased risk of HAPU formation.

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